Oxford Cambridge and RSA

## GCE

## Chemistry A

Unit H032/01: Breadth in chemistry
Advanced Subsidiary GCE
Mark Scheme for June 2018

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.
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Annotations available in RM Assessor

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Correct response |
| A | Incorrect response |
| BOD | Omission mark |
| CON | Benefit of doubt given |
| RE | Contradiction |
| SF | Rounding error |
| ECF | Error in number of significant figures |
| L1 | Error carried forward |
| L2 | Level 1 |
| L3 | Level 2 |
| NBOD | Level 3 |
| SEEN | Benefit of doubt not given |
| I | Noted but no credit given |

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| DO NOT ALLOW | Answers which are not worthy of credit |
| IGNORE | Statements which are irrelevant |
| ALLOW | Answers that can be accepted |
| () | Words which are not essential to gain credit |
| - | Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark |
| ECF | Error carried forward |
| AW | Alternative wording |
| ORA | Or reverse argument |

## Subject-specific Marking Instructions

## INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.
You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet Instructions for Examiners. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners.

SECTION A

| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | C | 1 |  |
| 2 | C | 1 |  |
| 3 | B | 1 |  |
| 4 | C | 1 |  |
| 5 | A | 1 |  |
| 6 | C | 1 |  |
| 7 | D | 1 |  |
| 8 | C | 1 |  |
| 9 | A | 1 |  |
| 10 | D | 1 |  |
| 11 | B | 1 |  |
| 12 | B | 1 |  |
| 13 | C | 1 |  |
| 14 | B | 1 |  |
| 15 | D | 1 |  |
| 16 | C | 1 |  |
| 17 | A | 1 |  |
| 18 | D | 1 |  |
| 19 | C | 1 |  |
| 20 | D | 1 |  |
|  |  | 20 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer |  |  |  |  | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | (a) | (i) |  | Protons | Neutrons | Electrons |  | 1 |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{29} \mathrm{Si}$ | 14 | 16 | 14 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
|  | (a) | (ii) | FIRST CHECK ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE IF answer = 28.11 (to 2 DP) award 2 marks $\frac{(28 \times 92.23)+(29 \times 4.68)+(30 \times 3.09)}{100}$ <br> OR 28.1086 OR 28.109 $=28.11 \text { (to } 2 \text { DP) } \checkmark$ |  |  |  |  | 2 | For 1 mark: ALLOW ECF $\rightarrow$ to 2 DP if: - \%s used with wrong isotopes ONCE OR <br> - transposed decimal places for ONE \% |
|  | (b) | (i) | CARE: Check that lone pairs on Cl and O are included <br> - $\mathrm{Cl}(\times 2)$ has 6 non-bonded electrons (3 LPs) <br> - O has 4 non-bonded electrons (2 LPs) |  |  |  |  | 1 | NOTE: O and Cl electrons MUST be shown differently from C electrons (e.g. expected answer) <br> IGNORE inner shells <br> ALLOW diagram with missing C , O or Cl symbols. <br> For $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ bond, ALLOW sequence $\times \times \cdots$ <br> ALLOW non-bonding electrons unpaired |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | (ii) | Shape <br> Trigonal planar $\checkmark$ <br> Number of bonded regions <br> (C has) 3 electron (dense) regions <br> OR 3 bonding regions $\checkmark$ <br> Electron pair repulsion (Seen anywhere) electron pairs/bonded pairs/bonded regions repel OR electron pairs move as far apart as possible OR bonds repel | 3 | ALLOW bp for bonded pair <br> ALLOW 3 bonded pairs (BOD) <br> OR 3 sigma bonds <br> OR 2 bonded pairs and 1 double bond <br> OR 4 bonded pairs including a double bond <br> IGNORE bonded atoms IGNORE just 3 bonds <br> ALLOW alternative phrases/words for repel e.g. 'push apart' <br> IGNORE electrons repel (pairs needed) <br> DO NOT ALLOW atoms repel |
| (c) |  | Highest energy electron(s) in a p orbital/p sub-shell $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW outer electron(s) in a p orbital/sub-shell BUT IGNORE p shell <br> ALLOW electron configuration ends in $p$ OR the last electron is in a p orbital <br> ALLOW valence electron(s) in p orbital/sub-shell |
|  |  | Total | 8 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | (a) | (i) | Oxidised <br> AND <br> (Mg) transfers/loses/donates 2 electrons $\checkmark$ 2 essential | 1 | ALLOW Mg loses 6 electrons: 3 Mg in equation ALLOW Mg $\rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{e}^{-}$ <br> IGNORE oxidation numbers (even if wrong) |
|  | (a) | (ii) | FIRST CHECK ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE <br> IF answer = 2.26 ( 3 SF ) award 3 marks $\begin{aligned} & n\left(\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)=\frac{1.24 \times 50.0}{1000}=0.062(0)(\mathrm{mol}) \checkmark \\ & n(\mathrm{Mg}) \quad=\frac{3}{2} \times 0.062(0)=0.093(0)(\mathrm{mol}) \checkmark \\ & \text { mass of } \mathbf{M g}=0.0930 \times 24.3=2.26(\mathrm{~g}) \\ & 3 \text { SF required } \end{aligned}$ | 3 | At least 3SF needed throughout BUT ALLOW no trailing zeroes (e.g. 0.062 for 0.0620 ) <br> ALLOW ECF from $n\left(\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)$ <br> ALLOW ECF from $n(\mathrm{Mg})$ <br> COMMON ERRORS for 2 marks <br> 3:2 ratio omitted $\rightarrow n(\mathrm{Mg})=0.062(0) \rightarrow 1.51(\mathrm{~g})$ <br> Inverted 2:3 ratio $\rightarrow n(\mathrm{Mg})=0.0413 \rightarrow 1.00(\mathrm{~g})$ |
|  | (a) | (iii) | Separation of solid <br> Filter to obtain solid/precipitate <br> Requires realisation that solid is filtered off. <br> Solid may be stated within in 'removal of water' <br> Removal of water <br> Dry (solid) <br> OR Evaporate (water/solution/liquid) | 2 | ALLOW <br> Removal of water <br> Evaporate/ distil water/solution/liquid <br> IGNORE 'distil' if product OR $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ is distilled <br> Collection of remaining solid <br> Requires realisation that solid remains <br> IGNORE 'Leave to crystallise' (already solid) |
|  | (a) | (iv) | ```Formula MgO OR \(\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\) OR \(\mathrm{MgCO}_{3}\) OR soluble Mg salt \(\checkmark\) Equation \(3 \mathrm{MgO}+2 \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) OR \(3 \mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) OR \(3 \mathrm{MgCO}_{3}+2 \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}+3 \mathrm{CO}_{2}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \checkmark\)``` | 2 | In equation: <br> NO ECF from incorrect formula <br> ALLOW multiples <br> IGNORE state symbols (even if incorrect) <br> Soluble Mg salts include <br> $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}, \mathrm{MgSO}_{4}, \mathrm{Mg}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}, \mathrm{MgBr}_{2}, \mathrm{MgI}_{2}$ <br> If unsure, check with TL <br> e.g. $3 \mathrm{MgCl}_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}+6 \mathrm{HCl}$ |



| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | (a) | (i) | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF $\Delta_{r} H=-457$ OR $\mathbf{- 4 5 8}\left(\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}\right)$ award 4 marks IF $\Delta_{r} H= \pm 229$ OR $457\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ award 3 marks <br> Energy released in J OR kJ <br> $=25.0 \times 4.18 \times 28.0=2926(\mathrm{~J})$ OR $2.926(\mathrm{~kJ}) \checkmark$ <br> Correctly calculates $\boldsymbol{n}\left(\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}\right)$ $=0.512 \times \frac{25.0}{1000}=1.28 \times 10^{-2}(\mathrm{~mol})$ <br> $\Delta H$ per mole $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ in kJ AND 3 SF <br> Answer MUST divide energy by $n\left(\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}\right)$ $\begin{aligned} \pm \frac{2.926}{1.28 \times 10^{-2}} & = \pm 228.59375 \\ & = \pm 229(\mathrm{~kJ}) \end{aligned}$ <br> 3 SF needed Sign NOT needed <br> $\Delta H$ for 2 mol $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ AND - sign AND 3 SF $\Delta H_{\mathrm{r}}=2 \times-228.59375=-457\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ <br> OR $2 \times-229=-458\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \vee$ | 4 | FULL ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED <br> ALLOW ECF throughout <br> ALLOW 2930 J OR 2.93 kJ <br> DO NOT ALLOW < 3 SF <br> IGNORE any sign and units <br> i.e. ALLOW correctly calculated number in J OR kJ <br> Alternative approach using 1 mol Mg $\begin{aligned} & \text { Energy released }=2926(\mathrm{~J}) \mathrm{OR} 2.926(\mathrm{~kJ}) \checkmark \\ & n\left(\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}\right) \\ & =1.28 \times 10^{-2}(\mathrm{~mol}) \downarrow \\ & n(\mathrm{Mg})=\frac{1.28 \times 10^{-2}}{2}= \\ & =6.4 \times 10^{-3}(\mathrm{~mol}) \downarrow \\ & \Delta H_{\mathrm{r}}=\frac{2.926}{6.4 \times 10^{-3}} \quad=-457\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right) \checkmark \\ & \\ & \text { sign AND } 3 \mathrm{SF} \text { needed } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | (a) | (ii) | $\mathrm{Ag}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{Cl}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{AgCl}(\mathrm{~s}) \checkmark$ <br> State symbols required <br> White precipitate AND $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3} / \mathrm{Ag}^{+}$NOT ALL reacted OR <br> NO white precipitate AND $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3} / \mathrm{Ag}^{+}$ALL reacted $\checkmark$ | 2 | $\text { ALLOW } \mathrm{AgNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{NaCl}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{AgCl}(\mathrm{~s})+\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$ <br> Observation needs to be linked to conclusion |



| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | (a) | Structural isomers: 1 mark <br> Different structural formulae  <br> AND same molecular formula $\checkmark$  <br> Common molecular formula: $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{12}$ for all 3 hydrocarbons | 5 | For 'structural': <br> ALLOW different structure <br> OR different displayed/ skeletal formula <br> DO NOT ALLOW any reference to spatial/space/3D <br> Same formula is not sufficient (no 'molecular') <br> Different arrangement of atoms is not sufficient (no 'structure'/'structural') <br> ALLOW 5 carbons and 12 hydrogens <br> ALLOW for 2 marks: <br> Different structural formulae <br> AND same molecular formula $\checkmark$ of $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{12} \checkmark$ |
|  |  | Boiling point and branching: <br> 1 mark <br> Boiling point decreases with more branching <br> OR more methyl/alkyl groups/side chains <br> OR shorter carbon chain $\checkmark$ <br> Branching and London forces: <br> Could be seen anywhere within response <br> More branching gives less (surface) contact <br> AND <br> fewer/weaker London forces $\checkmark$ <br> Energy and intermolecular forces: Less energy to break London forces/ intermolecular forces/intermolecular bonds/ $\checkmark$ |  | Comparisons needed throughout ORA throughout <br> ALLOW comparison between any alcohols, e.g. A is least branched and has highest b pt C is most branched and has lowest b pt <br> ALLOW induced dipole(-dipole) interactions IGNORE van der Waals'/vdw forces ALLOW SA for surface area <br> ALLOW 'harder to overcome intermolecular forces ALLOW more energy to separate the molecules <br> IGNORE just 'bonds' intermolecular/London forces required |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | (i) | Radical substitution $\checkmark$ |  | 1 | ALLOW Free radical substitution |
| (b) | (ii) |  |  | 2 |  |
|  |  | A | B |  |  |
|  |  | $3 \checkmark$ | $4 \checkmark$ |  |  |
| (b) | (iii) | Structure Stru <br> ALL <br> CHE <br> Equation <br> $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}$ <br> Mole <br> NO ECF fr | trichloro isomer of A, e.g. <br> richloro isomer of $\mathbf{A}$ ully $\rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{Cl}_{3}+3 \mathrm{HCl}$ <br> ect structure of $\mathbf{D}$ | 2 | ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) <br> IGNORE molecular formula <br> ALLOW multiples, $\text { e.g. } 2 \mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{12}+6 \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{Cl}_{3}+6 \mathrm{HCl}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 10 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | (a) | (i) |    <br> G | 3 | ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formulae OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) <br> IGNORE molecular formula <br> ALLOW CH ${ }_{3}-$ <br> ALLOW 1 mark for G AND H combined is structures are correct but in wrong boxes |
|  | (a) | (ii) | 2-methylpropan-1-ol $\checkmark$ <br> Both numbers required | 1 | IGNORE absence of hyphen or use of dots or commas as separators |



| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| ---: | ---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (b) | (ii) | Disappearance of <br> peak at $500-800 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ OR C-Br peak $\checkmark$ <br> Appearance of <br> peak at $3200-3600 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ OR alcohol O-H peak $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | ALLOW value within range 500-800 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ |

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